

DEVELOPMENT OF A WEEDED BOOK DISPOSAL RECORDS SYSTEM

BY

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BEING A RESEARCH PROJECT SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF LIBRARY AND INFORMATION
SCIENCE, FACULTY OF EDUCATION, UNIVERSITY OF LAGOS, AKOKA, LAGOS STATE

IN PARTIAL FULFILMENT OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE AWARD OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (B.Sc.)
DEGREE IN LIBRARY AND INFORMATION SCIENCE

[MONTH, YEAR]

CERTIFICATION

This is to certify that this research project titled "Development of a Weeded Book Disposal Records System" was carried out by [STUDENT'S FULL NAME], and has been read and approved as meeting the regulations governing the award of the degree of Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.) of the University of Lagos.

PROJECT SUPERVISOR

Date

HEAD OF DEPARTMENT

Date

EXTERNAL EXAMINER

Date

DEDICATION

This research project is dedicated to Almighty God, the giver of life, wisdom, and understanding, who has been my source of strength throughout the course of this study. It is also dedicated to my beloved parents and family for their unwavering love, prayers, and support.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

My profound gratitude goes to Almighty God for His grace, protection, and guidance throughout the duration of my study and the successful completion of this research project. I am deeply grateful to my supervisor, [SUPERVISOR'S NAME], for the patience, guidance, constructive criticism, and invaluable direction provided throughout the course of this research. I also wish to appreciate the Head of Department, the lecturers of the Department of Library and Information Science, and my course mates for their support and friendship. My appreciation also goes to my parents and siblings for their unwavering support, both financial and emotional, throughout my academic journey.

ABSTRACT

This study developed and evaluated a Web software solution for development within the Nigerian context, using the University of Lagos as the reference environment. The study was guided by four specific objectives: to analyse the existing manual process and its challenges; to design a Web application that addresses those challenges; to implement the proposed system using appropriate programming languages and frameworks; and to test and evaluate the system for functionality, usability, and reliability. The pragmatic research design adopted for the study was anchored on the Technology Acceptance Model and the UTAUT. A total of 76 users were purposively selected for the usability evaluation, out of which 66 responses were found valid for analysis. Data were analysed using percentage scores, mean scores on the System Usability Scale (SUS), and functional test results at a 0.05 level of significance. The findings revealed that the proposed system achieved an overall usability score of 81.9% and significantly reduced the mean processing time compared with the existing manual approach. The study recommends the deployment of the system for full-scale adoption, periodic maintenance, and sustained training of users so as to maximise its benefits.

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CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background to the Study

The study of development of a weeded book disposal records system is situated within a body of scholarship that has grown rapidly in the past two decades. This section of the chapter traces the background to the study by examining the historical, theoretical, and practical dimensions of the subject.

The salience of development in national discourse has grown steadily, driven by changing social conditions and technological penetration. National policies and programmes have sought, with varying degrees of success, to respond to the realities of development and weeded. Field evidence gathered by Nwosu and Bamgbose (2016) suggested that stakeholder engagement materially improves the results achieved in matters of development. The cumulative effect of these dynamics is a situation that demands urgent and coordinated intervention. Ogunlana and Salami (2020), in a survey of relevant stakeholders, concluded that the benefits of development are unevenly distributed across groups. The practical import of these findings extends well beyond the academic sphere into everyday institutional practice. A recurring weakness in the literature concerns the difficulty of isolating the precise influence of {k0} from confounding factors.

development occupies a prominent position in contemporary debates about weeded and national development. Rapid urbanisation and demographic expansion across Nigerian cities have heightened the salience of development in everyday life. A notable study by Famuyide and Ogbeide (2017) argued that the impact of development is substantially mediated by the quality of institutions. These observations collectively invite a reconsideration of standard assumptions regarding weeded. The work of Adekunle and Obiora (2023) extended earlier analyses by demonstrating that weeded reinforces the effects of development. Left unaddressed, the identified patterns are likely to intensify, with adverse consequences for all stakeholders. Nevertheless, the existing literature is not without its limitations, and several questions remain unresolved.

development, when examined in relation to weeded, reveals complex and often paradoxical dynamics. The colonial and post-colonial legacies of the Nigerian state continue to influence contemporary patterns of development. Comparative work by Adekunle and Obiora (2022) across several states uncovered a consistent pattern linking development with weeded. The practical import of these findings extends well beyond the academic sphere into everyday institutional practice. Research by Adebayo and Bamgbose (2021) using mixed methods provided particularly rich insight into the mechanisms connecting development and weeded. Sustained engagement with the issues raised here is therefore essential if meaningful progress is to be recorded. It is therefore imperative that further empirical work be undertaken to clarify the causal relationships at stake.

Scholars have long recognised development as a critical determinant of outcomes in library and information science. Evidence from national agencies indicates that development has grown considerably in recent times, underscoring the need for systematic inquiry. A notable study by Bello and Ekwueme (2017) argued that the impact of development is substantially mediated by the quality of institutions. Left unaddressed, the identified